

Big Data Management for Science



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THE UNIVERSITY
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Background and Justification

- Generating Data → Managing Data
- Grids → Policy
- Automation and Auditing



- iRODS
 - History
 - Philosophy / Goals
 - Capabilities
 - Implementation



- E-iRODS
 - History
 - Philosophy / Goals
 - Process
 - Status



iRODS

- History

- Second generation code. Born from original project named Storage Resource Broker (SRB). Developed at UCSD San Diego Supercomputing Center (SDSC).
- Began in mid-2005, 0.5 release in Dec 2006, 1.0 release in Jan 2008, 3.1 release in Mar 2012, 3.2 release next month.
- Most of the development team moved to SILS and RENC1 at UNC-Chapel Hill in 2008-2009.

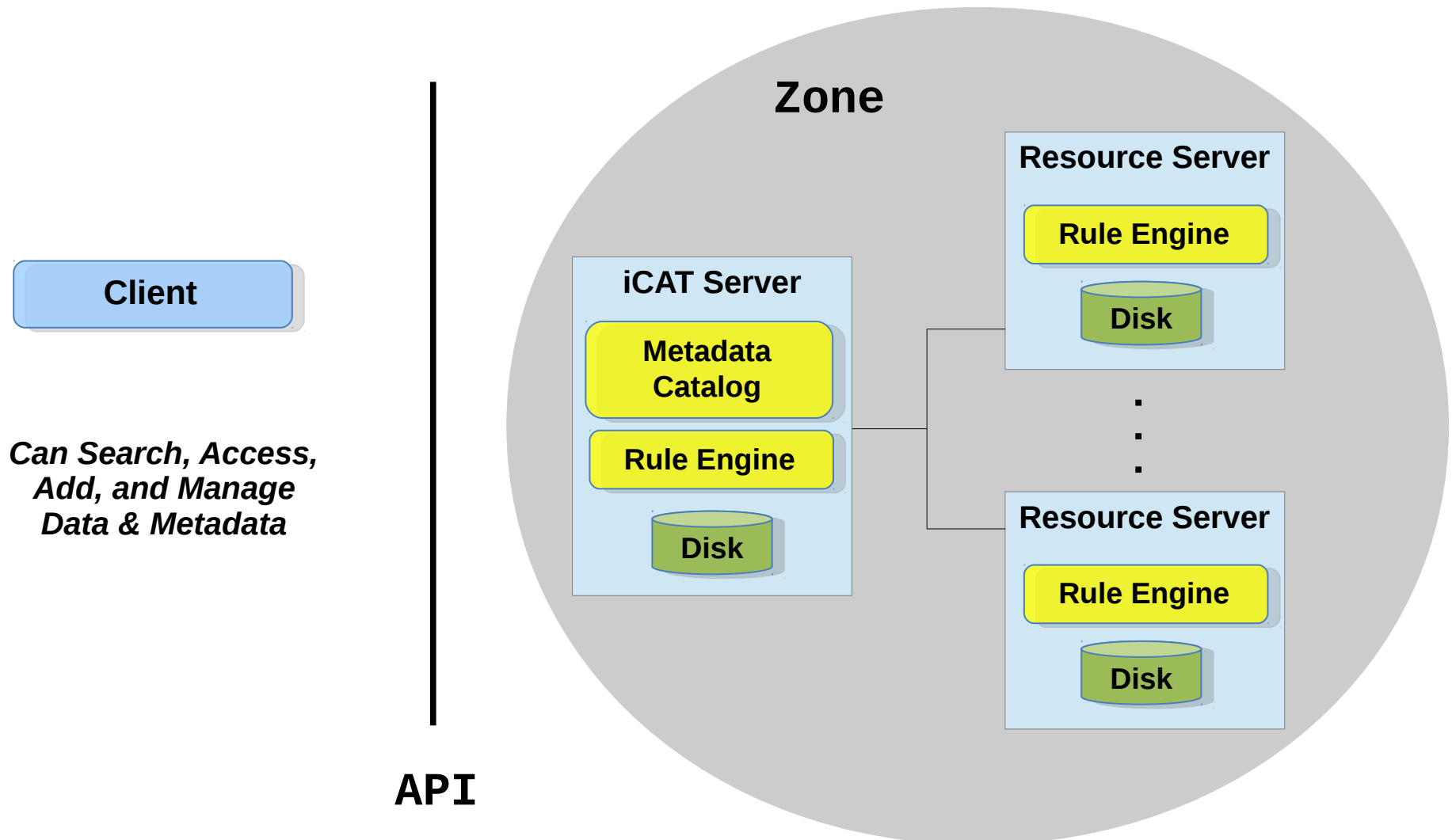
- Philosophy / Goals

- Open source
- Compile and run on as many systems as possible
- Maximum flexibility and connectivity to existing infrastructure
- Designed with federation in mind from the beginning
- Provide computer actionable rules and policy atop a virtual filesystem
- Provide full auditing capabilities regarding access, fixity, and provenance for every file ingested into the system

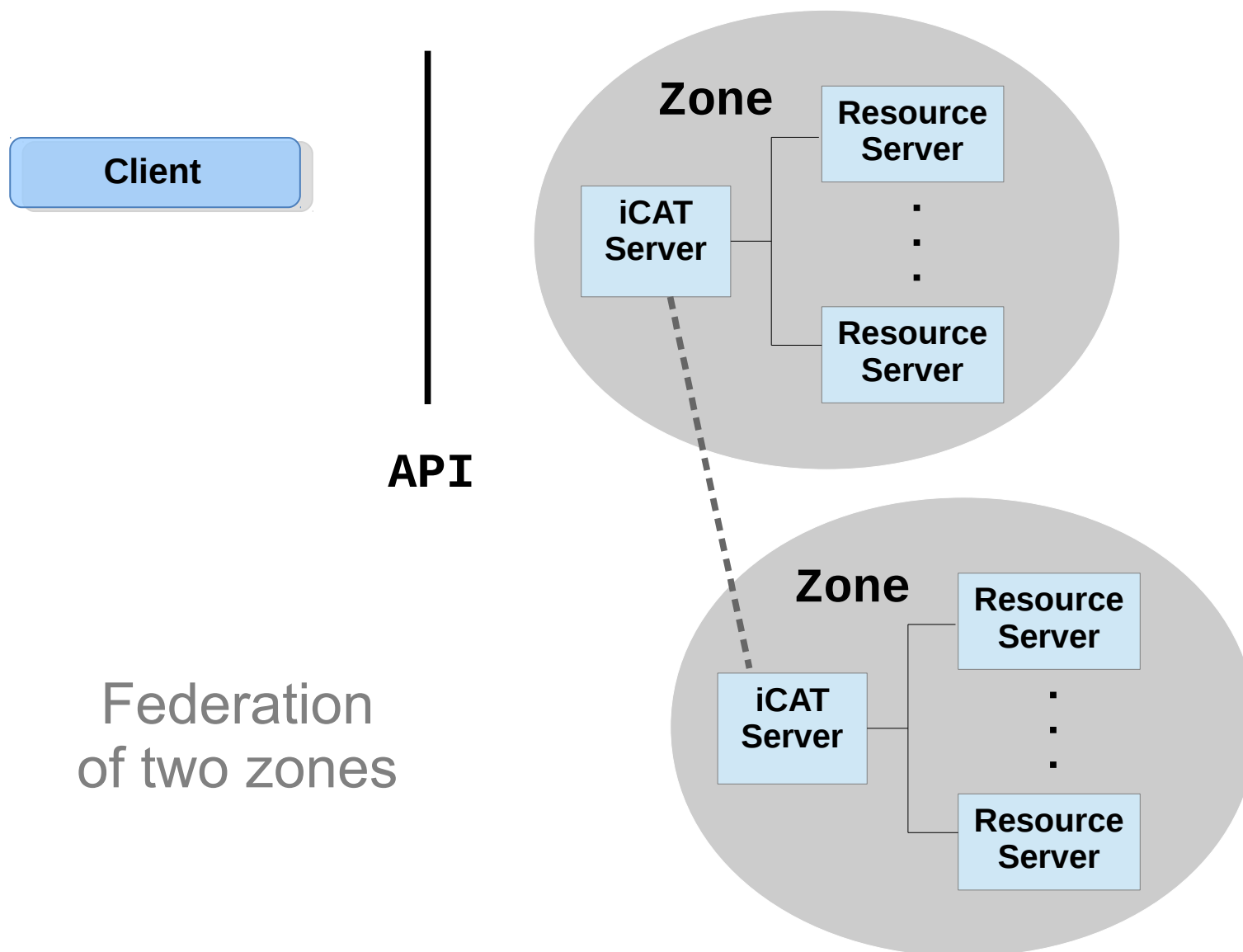
iRODS

- Capabilities
 - Can connect to many different types of storage systems and databases
 - C and Java APIs
 - Rule Engine with immediate or delayed execution
 - Policy enforcement points before and after nearly every action that can be taken within the system
 - Audit Trails, Metadata, Access Control, Authentication
 - Zone to Zone Federation
- Implementation
 - C
 - Installation via perl scripts
 - Most options are compile time variables
 - Compile in place, including dependencies like PostgreSQL and unixODBC
 - Sparse documentation of how things work under the hood or why they were designed the way they are

iRODS Architecture



iRODS Architecture



iRODS Policy Enforcement Points

- Currently 74 locations where policies are checked and rules can be executed based on appropriate conditions
 - Authentication
 - Access control
 - Pre-action policy (PreProcForPut)
 - Policy execution
 - Post-action policy (PostProcForPut)
 - Many others...

iRODS Around the World

- Data grids – Petabyte-scale distributed collections
 - Astronomy – NOAO, CyberSKA, LSST
 - High Energy Physics – BaBar, KEK
 - Earth Systems – NASA (MODIS data set)
 - Australian Research Collaboration Service
 - Genomics – UNC-CH/RENCI
- Institutional repositories
 - Carolina Digital Repository
- Libraries
 - Texas Digital Libraries
 - Seismology - Southern California Earthquake Center
- Archives
 - Ocean Observatories Initiative



E-iRODS

- History
 - Developed by RENCI at UNC-Chapel Hill
 - Forked from community 3.0 code in early 2012
 - Tracking bug fixes and selected new features
 - 3.0b2 is available at <http://www.e-irods.org>
- Philosophy / Goals
 - Open source
 - Minimal movement in the core
 - Functionality provided by plugins
 - Easy installation and upgrades
 - Use system-provided software
 - Sustainability
 - Maintenance
 - Support

E-iRODS - Process

- Refactorization
 - Object oriented
 - Dependency inversion
 - Simple modular architecture
- Issue Tracking
 - Prioritized
 - Issue ownership
 - Every commit is tagged
- Documentation
 - Doxygen
 - Administration manual(s)
 - Compiled from source as well
- Automate Everything
 - Continuous Integration
 - Code coverage
 - Static analysis
 - Testing
 - Unit tests
 - Functional tests
 - Regression tests
 - Topology tests
 - Federation tests
 - Test independence
 - Packaging
 - EPM generates RPM, DEB, DMG across multiple versions of operating systems
 - Dependency management



iRODS / E-iRODS Core is a substrate upon which new functionality may be added via six fixed interfaces. The core is designed to be a small, stable broker of extensible services.



Interfaces for Extensibility:

Authentication, Database, Messaging, Microservices, Objects, Resources, RPC API



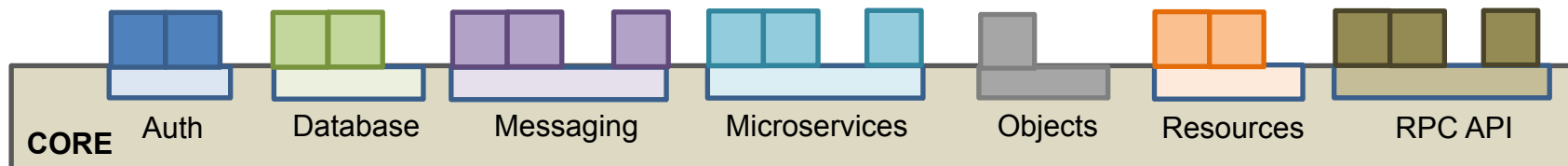
Plugins extend the functionality of iRODS / E-iRODS relevant to a given interface. They are self contained, dynamically loadable, and could be proprietary.



iRODS/E-iRODS includes a plugin dependency model. Plugins may be inter-dependent and provide new functionality via multiple plugins.



A Bundle of plugins can provide a set of features to support newly created first-class objects within iRODS / E-iRODS such as Tickets or Workflows.



E-iRODS

- Big Data Management for Science
 - Federation / Control
 - Traceability
 - Replicability
 - Workflow Support
 - Auditing
 - Preservation
 - Access

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